Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8 Financial Statements September 30, 2022

Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8 For the Year ending September 30, 2022

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PARTNERS

James E. Medack, CPA Melodi J. Oltmann, CPA

PROFESSIONAL STAFF
Ashton McGonagle

MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8 as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

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Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-8 and 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Medack & Oltmann, LLP Giddings, Texas

June 13, 2023

PEDERNALES JESD 8 TRAVIS COUNTY

PEDERNALES FIRE DEPARTMENT

TRAVIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICE DISTRICT 8

801 Bee Creek Road Briarcliff, Texas 78669 512-264-1476 | fax 512-264-0807

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, the management of Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8 (the "District") offers the following narrative on the financial performance of the District for the year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in connection with the District's financial statements that follow.

Financial Highlights:

- Net Position at the close of the most recent period was \$8,000,536.
- General Fund balance increased by \$1,646,058, with an ending balance of \$5,837,766
- During the year, the District entered into a new loan in the amount of \$101,176.

For purposes of GASB Statement No. 34, the District is considered a special purpose government. This allows the District to present the required fund and government-wide statements in a single schedule. The requirement for fund financial statements that are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting is met with the "General Fund" column. An adjustment column includes those entries needed to convert to the full accrual basis government-wide statements. Government-wide statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

The District's reporting is comprised of two parts:

- Management's Discussions and Analysis (this section)
- Basic Financial Statements:
 - Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet
 - Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balance
 - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund
 - Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet includes a column (titled "General Fund") that represents a balance sheet prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adjustments column converts those balances to a balance sheet that more closely reflects a private-sector business. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will indicate financial health.

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance includes a column (titled "General Fund") that derives the change in fund balance resulting from current year revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources or uses. These amounts are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adjustments column converts those activities to full accrual, a basis that more closely represents the income statement of a private-sector business.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund presents a comparison statement between the District's adopted budget to its actual results.

The Notes to Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information presented in the Statements of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

The District as a Whole

The District's combined net position for the years ending September 30, 2022, and 2021, are shown in the table below. Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in the net position of the District's governmental activities as reported in the accrual basis of accounting.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021
Assets: Current assets Capital assets (net of	\$ 6,056,053	\$ 4,445,448
accumulated depreciation)	6,198,145	5,538,660
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,254,198	\$ 9,984,108
Liabilities: Current liabilities Long-term liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 819,760 3,433,902 \$ 4,253,662	\$ 847,846 3,878,200 \$ 4,726,046
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 2,435,564 5,564,972	\$ 1,330,348 3,927,714
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 8,000,536	\$ 5,258,062

The District's total assets were \$12,254,198 as of September 30, 2022. Of this amount, \$6,198,145 is accounted for by capital assets. The District had outstanding liabilities of \$4,253,662, of which \$3,762,581 represents notes payable.

The changes in net position for the respective periods are also shown in the table below.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

EXPENSES: Apparatus \$ 172,546 \$ 114,790 Support Equipment 87,815 162,828 Communications 281,604 165,655 Public Relations 23,460 11,454 Training 49,786 53,903 Stations 130,406 119,815 Clothing & Protective Gear 48,559 42,344 Personnel 4,712,611 3,991,772 Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138 Ending Net Position \$ 8,000,536 \$ 5,258,062		ξ	9/30/2022	S	9/30/2021		
Support Equipment 87,815 162,828 Communications 281,604 165,655 Public Relations 23,460 11,454 Training 49,786 53,903 Stations 130,406 119,815 Clothing & Protective Gear 48,559 42,344 Personnel 4,712,611 3,991,772 Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	EXPENSES:						
Communications 281,604 165,655 Public Relations 23,460 11,454 Training 49,786 53,903 Stations 130,406 119,815 Clothing & Protective Gear 48,559 42,344 Personnel 4,712,611 3,991,772 Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Apparatus	\$	172,546	\$	114,790		
Public Relations 23,460 11,454 Training 49,786 53,903 Stations 130,406 119,815 Clothing & Protective Gear 48,559 42,344 Personnel 4,712,611 3,991,772 Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Support Equipment		87,815		162,828		
Training 49,786 53,903 Stations 130,406 119,815 Clothing & Protective Gear 48,559 42,344 Personnel 4,712,611 3,991,772 Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Communications		281,604		165,655		
Stations 130,406 119,815 Clothing & Protective Gear 48,559 42,344 Personnel 4,712,611 3,991,772 Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Public Relations		23,460		11,454		
Clothing & Protective Gear 48,559 42,344 Personnel 4,712,611 3,991,772 Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Training		49,786		53,903		
Personnel 4,712,611 3,991,772 Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Stations		130,406		119,815		
Administrative 194,446 141,713 Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Clothing & Protective Gear		48,559		42,344		
Debt Issue Cost 1,176 - Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Personnel		4,712,611		3,991,772		
Debt Service 133,875 193,049 Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: General Interlocal Agreement \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Administrative		194,446		141,713		
Depreciation 370,670 414,439 TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: Seneral \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Debt Issue Cost		1,176		-		
TOTAL EXPENSE \$ 6,206,954 \$ 5,411,762 REVENUES: Seneral \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Debt Service		133,875		193,049		
REVENUES: General \$ 6,949,428 \$ 4,442,686 Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Depreciation		370,670		414,439		
General Interlocal Agreement TOTAL REVENUES \$ 6,949,428 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	TOTAL EXPENSE	\$	6,206,954	\$	5,411,762		
Interlocal Agreement 2,000,000 2,000,000 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	REVENUES:						
TOTAL REVENUES \$ 8,949,428 \$ 6,442,686 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	General	\$	6,949,428	\$	4,442,686		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 2,742,474 \$ 1,030,924 Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	Interlocal Agreement		2,000,000		2,000,000		
Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138	TOTAL REVENUES	_\$	8,949,428	_\$_	6,442,686		
Beginning Net Position \$ 5,258,062 \$ 4,227,138							
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	2,742,474	\$	1,030,924		
Ending Net Position \$ 8,000,536 \$ 5,258,062	Beginning Net Position	\$	5,258,062	\$	4,227,138		
	Ending Net Position	\$	8,000,536	\$	5,258,062		

Total revenues increased by approximately \$2,506,742 to \$8,949,428 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Property taxes generated \$2,930,815 and sales tax generated \$2,983,895 in revenues. Total expenses increased by \$795,192 to \$6,206,954 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, mainly due to the increase in payroll. Net position increased \$2,742,474 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, compared to an increase of \$1,030,924 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

The District Governmental Fund

At September 30, 2022, the District's governmental fund reported a fund balance of \$5,837,766, which is an increase of \$1,646,058 from the prior year. This increase in fund balance can be attributed to an increase of revenues over expenditures at September 30, 2022.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are described below.

<u>Non-spendable</u> – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board of Commissioners.

<u>Assigned</u> – For the General Fund, amounts that are appropriated by the Board of Commissioners, or their designee, that are to be used for specific purposes. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the board amended the original budget, while overall revenues increased by \$1,118,000, overall expenditures increased by \$202,599 (3.09%).

The actual expenditures in the General Fund were \$168,809 more than the budgeted amounts primarily due to the increase in capital outlay expenditures. Actual revenues in the General Fund were approximately \$370,132 more than budgeted amounts primarily due to increase in sales tax.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2022, and 2021, the District had the following capital assets in operation:

	9/30/2022			9/30/2021
Buildings	\$	5,023,638	\$	4,991,938
Vehicles & Equipment		3,991,438		2,992,982
Total Capital Assets	\$	9,015,076	\$	7,984,920
Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(2,816,931)	\$	(2,446,260)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	6,198,145	\$	5,538,660

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the *Notes to Basic Financial Statements.*

Notes Payable

In 2008, the District entered into a note payable agreement from a bank to fund the construction of the District's new fire station. The District made principal payments of \$112,596 during the year ended September 30, 2022, related to this note payable agreement.

In 2012, the District entered into a note payable agreement from a bank to finance the acquisition of another fire apparatus for Pedernales Emergency Services. The District made principal payments of \$19,540 during the year ended September 30, 2022, on this agreement.

In 2020, the District entered into a note payable agreement from a bank to finance the construction of a new fire station for a total of \$1,725,000. The District made principal payments of \$61,407 during the year ending September 30, 2022.

In 2021, the District entered into a note payable agreement to refinance multiple existing loans into one consolidated note for a total of \$1,889,388. The District made principal payments \$353,366 during the year ended September 30, 2022.

In 2022, the District entered into a note payable agreement from a bank to finance the acquisition of a truck for a total of \$101,176. Payments will begin during fiscal year 2023.

More detailed information about the District's notes payable and the liens securing those notes and lease are presented in the *Notes to Basic Financial Statements*.

Economic Factors, Budgets and Rates

Travis County Emergency Services District 8 ("ESD8") officially acquired the assets of the Pedernales Fire Department ("PFD") on October 1, 2013.

PFD Management consist of ESD8 Board of Commissioners, Fire Chief, Assistant Chief, Special Projects Officer, Executive Assistant, and Administrative Manager.

The Board of Commissioners approves the budget and delegates management responsibility to the Fire Chief. The Fire Chief oversees and delegates operations management to an Assistant Fire Chief and three Battalion Chiefs. The Fire Chief oversees administrative, strategic management, and compliance operations through the efforts of the Special Projects Officer, Executive Assistant and Administrative Manager.

The Special Projects Officer is responsible for operational support, strategic management needs for operations, and related projects as assigned.

The Executive Assistant acts as the primary department contact, office manager, responsible for assisting with payroll and accounts payable, and expense management.

The Administrative Manger acts similar to a comptroller, responsible for Human Resources, Payroll, financial reporting, strategic management initiatives related to financial and compliance matters as well as overseas all business operations.

ESD8 is committed to its greatest asses; the professional firefighters and emergency medical staff that provide services to your community. As the budget and demands for the ESD continue to grow, the ESD continues to analyze pay rates and benefits to become competitive with neighboring districts. Over the past 5 years the ESD has increased pay rates and benefits, each year, while maintaining a balanced budget. The ESD is now a proud member of the Texas County and District Retirement System as of FY 2022-2023.

Travis County ESD 8 is located in an area of moderate to strong economic growth with housing and commercial construction increasing. The area also serves as the main corridor for access to Lakeway and Austin, and for communities west of Travis County.

The challenges the ESD faces as a responsible governmental organization balancing the financial resources with the demands for improved service coming from a growing population, the corresponding demands for improved services coming from local and state governmental entities.

There is no doubt the citizens of Travis County ESD 8 support both financial restraint and improved services. We do not intend to make the most of our citizens' financial support to provide consistently outstanding fire and emergency services in every sector of Travis County Emergency Services District 8

FY 2021-2022 was a challenging year with the rising cost of all goods and continued limited supply chain issues. PFD Management and Staff successfully managed these obstacles and continued to provide quality service to its constituents. With strategic planning, continued teamwork, and coordination of resources ESD 8 will continue to work within our means to provide the services that the citizens of Travis County ESD8 deserve.

ESD8 serves a section of the Texas Hill Country near Lake Travis, approximately 30 miles outside of Austin, TX. It operates with three stations and operates with 42 personnel. It is administratively managed by a Fire Chief, Assistant Chief, Executive Assistant, Administrative Manager, and a Special Projects Officer.

ESD 8 is in an area long known for tourists coming to Lake Travis, but now there is strong growth in residences. This developing bedroom community is spurred, not only by the Austin economy, but expanded telecommute careers. ESD 8 services a large portion of State Highway 71; a corridor between Austin and Texas Hill Country attractions such as Marble Falls, Fredericksburg, etc.

ESD 8 management has managed these challenges well, evidenced by its ability to home in on the needs of its growing community and delivering to that community great services:

- Committing resources to meet the increasing obligations of fire suppression, while providing emergency medical services in concert with Travis Country Emergency Services District 16.
- Operating Station 803 at 24 hours to meet demands in Barton Creek Lakeside area. This station will move to 4 personnel staffing in FY 2022-2023.
- Updating outdated equipment and facilities, as evident by updating Station 803 and beginning the process for 801.
- Enhancing professional capabilities through sponsoring training classes and certifications.

ESD 8 and its Board remain good stewards of its citizenry funds, with constant focus on the services that its constituents deserve.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8
Attn: Treasurer
801 Bee Creek Road
Briarcliff, Texas 78669

TRAVIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO 8 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	_Ge	General Fund		djustments Note 10)	Statement of Net Position		
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	309,435	\$	_	\$	309,435	
Investments		5,070,655		-		5,070,655	
Property Taxes Receivable		48,140		-		48,140	
Sales Tax Receivable		625,723		-		625,723	
Other Receivable		2,100		-		2,100	
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)				6,198,145		6,198,145	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,056,053	\$	6,198,145	\$	12,254,198	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$		\$	-	\$	ta .	
LIABILITIES							
Payroll Liabilities Payable	\$	61,043	\$	-	\$	61,043	
Accounts Payable		108,404		-		108,404	
Accrued Interest		-		87,102		87,102	
Other Current Liabilities		700		-		700	
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year		-		562,511		562,511	
Due after one year		-		3,433,902		3,433,902	
TOTAL LIABÍLITIES	\$	170,147	\$	4,083,515	\$	4,253,662	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	48,140	\$	(48,140)	\$	-	
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION							
Fund balances:							
Non-spendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Assigned		-		-		-	
Unassigned		5,837,766		(5,837,766)		_	
Total fund balances		5,837,766		(5,837,766)		н	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,056,053					
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets				2,435,564		2,435,564	
Restricted				-		-	
Unrestricted				5,564,972		5,564,972	
TOTAL NET POSITION			\$	8,000,536	\$	8,000,536	

TRAVIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO 8 GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund			djustments Note 10)	Statement of Activities		
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES							
Apparatus Support Equipment Communications Public Relations Training Stations Clothing & Protective Gear Personnel	\$	172,546 87,815 281,604 23,460 49,786 130,406 48,559 4,701,021	\$	- - - - - - 11,590	\$	172,546 87,815 281,604 23,460 49,786 130,406 48,559 4,712,611	
Administrative Capital Outlay Debt Issue Cost Debt Service: Principal Interest		194,446 222,676 1,176 546,909 136,662		(222,676) (546,909) (2,787)		194,446 - 1,176 - 133,875	
Depreciation Expense Total expenditures/expenses	\$	6,597,066	\$	(390,112)	\$	370,670 6,206,954	
PROGRAM REVENUES Interlocal Agreement Total program revenues	\$	2,000,000 2,000,000	\$		\$	2,000,000	
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Penalties and Interest Sales Taxes Interest Insurance Reimbursement Miscellaneous Income Total general revenues	\$	2,930,815 19,652 2,983,895 35,051 - 172,535 6,141,948	\$	- - - 807,480 - 807,480	\$	2,930,815 19,652 2,983,895 35,051 807,480 172,535 6,949,428	
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	1,544,882	\$	1,197,592			
Other financing sources (uses) Financing Proceeds Total other financing sources	\$	101,176 101,176	\$	(101,176) (101,176)	\$	-	
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,646,058	\$	(1,646,058)	\$	-	
Change in net position			\$	2,742,474	\$	2,742,474	
Fund Balance/Net Position Beginning of the year	\$	4,191,708	\$	1,066,354	\$	5,258,062	
End of the year	\$	5,837,766	\$	2,162,770	\$	8,000,536	

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements for the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. More significant of these accounting policies are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Travis County Emergency Services District No. 8 (the District) was created by Article III, Section 48-d of the Constitution of Texas to protect life and property from fire and to conserve natural and human resources. It was approved by voters of the District in a general election on November 5, 1985. The District was legally converted to a district operating under the Health & Safety Code Chapter 775 by an election of the voters and effectively became known as Travis County Services District No 8 on December 2, 1999.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic - but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit with the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, no potential component units appear to exist.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basic Financial Statements

Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments set forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds based on a percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses or either fund category or governmental and enterprise combined. Due to the fund structure of the District, all funds have been classified as major funds. As a part of this Statement, there is a reporting requirement regarding the local government's infrastructure (road, bridges, etc.). The District does not own any infrastructure assets and therefore is unaffected by this requirement.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements. The reporting model focus is on either the District as a whole or major individual fund (within the fund financial statements). In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reflected on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which incorporated long-term assets and

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category which is otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function.

The District does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous accounting model.

The governmental fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This presentation is deemed appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources, and (c) demonstrate how the District's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan.

GASB provides that for governments engaged in a single governmental program, the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements may be combined. The District presents the general fund in the first column. The next column is an adjustments column. It reconciles the amounts reported in the governmental funds to show how each would change when reported on the full-accrual basis of accounting. The last column of these combination statements shows the amounts that normally would appear in the government-wide statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues as available if they are collected within 60 days after vear-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

In applying the "susceptible to accrual" concept to intergovernmental revenues pursuant to GASB Statement #33, the provider should recognize liabilities and expenses and the recipient should recognize receivables and revenues when the applicable eligibility requirements including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met, under most circumstances, should be reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

BUDGETS

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budget reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the District prepares a budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing those expenditures and is prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by that fund.
- 2. Public meetings are conducted at which all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard. After such meetings, the Board of Commissioners formally adopts the budget through passage of an ordinance.
- 3. The District amends the budget throughout the year approving such additional expenses. The amended budget is used in presenting the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual.
- 4. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at the fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The capitalization policy, i.e. the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital accounts, is \$6,000.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives with no salvage value. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and Structures 39.5 years
Vehicles 10-15 years
Other Equipment 5-10 years

The Department does not own any infrastructure assets.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisitions.

EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other government; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as non-spendable or spendable with spendable being further classified into restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. As of the year end, the liability for accrued vacation reflects that time earned by the employees in the current year and any allowable carryover from prior periods.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases its insurance from regular commercial companies. As of September 30, 2022, no claims or losses have been incurred that were not covered by insurance. There is no liability due to any claim or suit having ever been filed.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

PROGRAM REVENUES

The District considers program revenues as revenues that (1) originate from the program or from parties other than the government's taxpayers or citizens as a whole and (2) reduce the expenses of the function that has to be financed by general revenues. Revenues of this type can originate from a governmental source, but the proceeds are a charge for services or products produced by a government agency, where that agency is considered a vendor within the marketplace. Additionally, program revenues are fees charged by the government agency that are used to support a specific operation of that governmental unit. The District reports revenues from its fire academy as program revenues.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent the consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Operating results in the future could vary from the amounts derived from management's estimates.

RECENTLY ADOPTED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for fiscal years beginning after July 15, 2021. The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB 87 did not result in a restatement of previously reported fund balance.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's deposits are required to be secured in the manner provided by law for the security of the funds. At September 30, 2022, such deposits, reported as Cash totaled \$309,435. These funds were adequately secured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (Category 1).

- Category 1- Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in its name.
- Category 2- Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.
- Category 3- Uncollateralized.

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest funds under a written investment policy. The District's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy, in order of priority, are safety, liquidity, and yield.

The District had an investment of \$5,070,655 in an external local governmental investment pool, Texas Local Governmental Investment Pool ("TexPool"), at September 30, 2022. The investments in TexPool had a weighted average maturity of one day and a Standard and Poor's rating of AAAm.

TexPool is an external investment pool offered to local governments. Although TexPool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, it operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool is overseen by the Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts, who is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company which is authorized to operate TexPool.

TexPool also has an advisory board to advise on TexPool's investment policy; this board is made up equally of participants and nonparticipants who do not have a business relationship with TexPool.

Federated Investors manages daily operations of TexPool under a contract with the Comptroller and is the investment manager for the pool. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of the TexPool shares. TexPool's investment policy stipulates that it must invest in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act.

<u>Credit Risk</u>- Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At September 30, 2022, investments were included in a local governmental investment pool with a rating from Standard and Poor's in compliance with the District's investment policy.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>- Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. At September 30, 2022, all of the District's investments were with TexPool.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>- The District considers the holdings in the local governmental investment pool to have a one day weighted average maturity due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholders, unless there has been a significant change in value.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 09/30/2021	Additions/ Completions	Retirements/ Adjustments	Balance 09/30/2022
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	ф	ው	Ф	Φ
Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -
	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	
Capital assets, being depreciated	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Φ 007.400	A	Ф 0 007 407
Vehicles	\$ 2,399,947	\$ 907,480	\$ -	\$ 3,307,427
Equipment	593,035	90,976	-	684,011
Buildings and Structures	4,991,938	31,700	-	5,023,638
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 7,984,920	\$ 1,030,156	\$ -	\$ 9,015,076
Total capital assets	\$ 7,984,920	\$ 1,030,156	\$ -	\$ 9,015,076
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Vehicles	\$ 1,382,615	\$ 156,350	\$ -	\$ 1,538,965
Equipment	278,224	78,618	-	356,842
Buildings and Structures	785,421	135,703	-	921,124
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,446,260	\$ 370,671	\$ -	\$ 2,816,931
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,538,660	\$ 659,485	\$ -	\$ 6,198,145

Depreciation was charged to the governmental activities of \$370,671.

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Amount of	Maturity	Interest	Outstanding at	Due Within
Original Issue	Date	Rate	9/30/2022	One Year
\$ 2,000,000	2028	4.26%	\$ 785,637	\$ 117,470
219,775	2022	4.00%	5,445	5,445
1,725,000	2039	3.79%	1,602,679	63,731
1,889,388	2029	2.25%	1,267,644	361,341
101,176	2029	4.33%	101,176	14,524
\$ 5,935,339			\$ 3,762,581	\$ 562,511
	Original Issue \$ 2,000,000 219,775 1,725,000 1,889,388 101,176	Original Issue Date \$ 2,000,000 2028 219,775 2022 1,725,000 2039 1,889,388 2029 101,176 2029	Original Issue Date Rate \$ 2,000,000 2028 4.26% 219,775 2022 4.00% 1,725,000 2039 3.79% 1,889,388 2029 2.25% 101,176 2029 4.33%	Original Issue Date Rate 9/30/2022 \$ 2,000,000 2028 4.26% \$ 785,637 219,775 2022 4.00% 5,445 1,725,000 2039 3.79% 1,602,679 1,889,388 2029 2.25% 1,267,644 101,176 2029 4.33% 101,176

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT – continued

	Balance 09/30/2021	Д	Additions Retirements			Balance 09/30/2022	Due within one year	
Governmental Activities:								
Notes Payable	\$4,208,314	\$	101,176	\$	546,909	\$3,762,581	\$	562,511
Total Notes	\$4,208,314	\$	101,176	\$	546,909	\$3,762,581	\$	562,511
Compensated Absences	222,242		11,590		_	233,832		
Total Debt	\$4,430,556	\$	112,766	\$	546,909	\$3,996,413	\$	562,511

Debt service requirements to maturity for the District's notes payable are summarized as follows:

					Total
Fiscal Year	Prir	ncipal	Interest	Re	quirement
2023	\$ 5	62,511	\$ 122,953	\$	685,464
2024	5	70,961	108,976		679,937
2025	3	12,457	92,270		404,727
2026	3	23,490	81,238		404,728
2027	3	34,936	69,791		404,727
2028-2032	8	13,163	221,615	1	,034,778
2033-2037	4	98,411	123,622		622,033
2038-2042	3	46,652	26,573		373,225
Total	\$3,7	62,581	\$ 847,038	\$4	1,609,619

The debt is secured by the capital assets purchased and by property and sales tax.

NOTE 5: PROPERTY TAXES

The District has contracted with the Travis County Tax Assessor Collector to bill and collect its property tax. The District's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District. The assessed value of the roll as of January 1, 2021, upon which the 2021 levy was based, was \$3,020,393,791 as certified by the Travis Central Appraisal District.

Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date. On February 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to the property. The total 2021 levy was \$2,929,782 and the tax rate was \$0.097 per \$100 assessed valuation.

NOTE 7: FUND BALANCE

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are described below.

NOTE 7: FUND BALANCE – continued

<u>Non-spendable</u> - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purpose pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> - For the General Fund, amounts that are appropriated by the Board or Board designee that are to be used for specific purposes. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

The detail of the fund balance is included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 10.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balance for a specific purpose to the District's Chief or Assistant Chief.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

As of September 30, 2022, the District has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

NOTE 8: ANNEXATION OF DISTRICT LAND

The District could in the future face the possibility of annexation which could result in a reduction of the total value of property within the District and therefore a reduction in the total tax revenue to be collected. For the year ending September 30, 2022, there were no plans by any other entity to annex property.

NOTE 9: EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position:

The differences (as reflected in the adjustments column) primarily result from the long-term economic resources focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet.

When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

NOTE 10: EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS – continued

However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Cost of capital assets

\$9,015,076 (2,816,931)

Accumulated Depreciation

\$6,198,145

Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. \$87,102

Long-term liabilities applicable to the district's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities – both current and long-term—are reported in the statement of net position.

Due within one year \$562,511 Due after one year \$3,433,902

Taxes receivable are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in fund balance.

Deferred revenue \$(48,140)

Differences between the Governmental Fund Operating Statement and the Statement of Net Activities:

The differences (as reflected in the adjustments column) arise primarily from the long-term economic resources focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

Some expenses reporting in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Adjustment for Compensated Leave \$11,590

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay \$(222,676) Depreciation Expense \$370,670

Repayment of notes payable is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. For the district as a whole, however, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities.

Payment of Principal \$(546,909)

Interest expense is recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds. The statement of activities includes only the interest expense for the current period.

Change in Accrued Interest Payable \$(2,787)

NOTE 10: EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS – continued

In the statement of activities, the insurance reimbursement represents the amount of money the insurance company paid for the acquisition of a new vehicle. As this was a replacement for a wrecked vehicle disposed of in a prior fiscal year, there is no effect on fund balance.

Insurance Reimbursement

\$807.480

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, however, this has no effect on net position. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Financing Proceeds

\$(101,176)

NOTE 10: COMMITMENTS

The District has entered into an agreement with the City of Austin for its dispatching services with the fee structure based upon projected calls. For the year ending September 30, 2022, the District's fee for these services was \$21,595.

The District has entered into a contract with Sales Tax Assurance LLC. Under this contract the company searches for organizations that do business in the District's boundaries and have not or do not remit sales tax to the ESD. Under the terms of the contract, the company receives a commission of 50% for all sales taxes found and collected. For the current year, the ESD paid \$3,000.

During the year, the District committed to the purchase of a Sutphen Apparatus in the amount of \$713,965. The District estimates the delivery of this apparatus will occur during fiscal year 2023.

During the year, the District committed to a remodeling of Station 803 by Green Hills Construction in the amount of \$99,500. The District estimates the completion of the remodel will occur during fiscal year 2023.

NOTE 12: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The District also provides a health insurance plan for its full-time employees. The total amount expended for the fiscal year was \$464,914.

The District offers its full-time employees a Deferred Compensation Plan and a Roth IRA Plan, the "Pedernales Fire Department 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan", which is a Defined Contribution Plan. Any contributions made to the plan are in compliance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code and is administered by Mass Mutual. The employer will match every dollar contributed up to 7% of employee compensation. For the year ending September 30, 2022, contributions totaled \$200,794 and \$167,684 for the employer contributions and employees' contributions, respectively. There are no unfunded obligations. Employees are 100% vested at the time the contribution is made.

In November 2022, the District elected to participate in the Texas County & District Retirement System. The employee is required to deposit 7% and the District will match 2.5:1.

NOTE 13: DATE OF MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



TRAVIS COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT No 8 GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS							
	(DRIGINAL		FINAL	A	ACTUAL MOUNTS	FIN/ FA	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET VORABLE AVORABLE)
REVENUES: Property Taxes	\$	2,932,870	\$	2,932,870	\$	2,930,815	\$	(2,055)
Penalties & Interest	Ψ	2,932,070	φ	2,932,070	φ	19,652	φ	(2,033) 19,652
Sales Taxes		1,709,946		2,809,946		2,983,895		173,949
Interlocal Agreement		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000		173,543
Interest		5,000		25,000		35,051		10,051
Miscellaneous Income		6,000		4,000		172,535		168,535
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	6,653,816	\$	7,771,816	\$	8,141,948	\$	370,132
101712112120	<u> </u>	0,000,010	<u> </u>	7,771,010	<u> </u>	0,111,010		070,102
EXPENDITURES:								
Apparatus	\$	136,871	\$	186,871	\$	172,546	\$	14,325
Support Equipment		251,385		203,385		87,815		115,570
Communications		139,033		271,133		281,604		(10,471)
Recruitment & Retention		32,200		32,200		23,460		8,740
Training		142,177		98,677		49,786		48,891
Stations		134,000		134,000		130,406		3,594
Clothing & Protective Gear		41,200		36,200		48,559		(12,359)
Personnel		4,750,302		4,867,302		4,701,021		166,281
Administrative		244,263		244,262		194,446		49,816
Capital Outlay		, <u> </u>		<i>,</i> =		222,676		(222,676)
Debt Issue Costs		_		-		1,176		(1,176)
Debt Service:						•		、 , ,
Principal		691,845		691,845		546,909		144,936
Interest		-		. =		136,662		(136,662)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	6,563,276	\$	6,765,875	\$	6,597,066	\$	168,809
		_						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	90,540	\$	1,005,941	\$	1,544,882	\$	538,941
Other Sources/Uses:								
Financing Proceeds		_		_		101,176		101,176
I manding Proceeds						101,170		101,170
Net change in fund balance	\$	90,540	\$	1,005,941	\$	1,646,058	\$	640,117
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					\$	4,191,708		
End of year					\$	5,837,766		
Life of year					Ψ	3,037,700		